Version No.: V1.0



# Biological Microscope BS-2043 Series Instruction Manual



BS-2043B BS-2043T

This instruction manual is for the operation guide, troubleshooting and maintenance to the BS-2043 series biological microscope. Please study this manual thoroughly before operating, and keep it with the instrument. The manufacturer reserves the rights to the modifications by technology development. On the basis of operation ensured, technical specifications may be subject to changes without notice.





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#### 1. Operation Notice

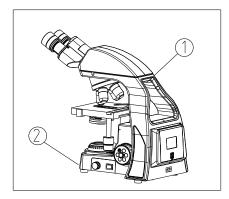


Fig.1

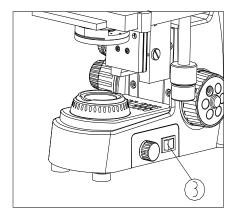


Fig.2

- 1. As the microscope is a high precision instrument, always operate it with care, and avoid physical vibrations.
- 2. Do not expose the microscope in the sun directly, either not in the high temperature, damp, dust or acute shake. Make sure the worktable is flat and horizontal.
- 3. When moving the microscope, keep holding the rear cover hand clasp 1 and the front end of microscope body 2 with each hand. Handle with care. (See Fig. 1)
- ★ It will damage the microscope by holding the stage, focusing knob or head when moving.
- 4. Connect the microscope to the ground to avoid lightning strike.
- 5. For safety, make sure the power switch ③ is at "O" (off) and power it off before replacing the bulb, and wait until the bulb and base cool down completely (see Fig. 2).
- ★ Bulb selected only: single 3W LED
- 6. Wide voltage range is supported as 100~240V. Additional transformer is not necessary. Make sure the power supply voltage is in this range.
- 7. Use the special power adapter supplied by our company.



#### 2. Maintenance

- 1. Wipe the lens gently with a soft tissue. Carefully wipe off the oil marks and fingerprints on the lens surfaces with a tissue moistened with a small amount of 3:7 mixture of alcohol and ether or dimethylbenzene.
- ★ As the alcohol and ether is flammable, don't place these chemicals near to fire or fire source. For example, when turning on or turning off the electrical device, please use these chemicals in a ventilated place.
- 2. Don't use organic solution to wipe the surfaces of the other components. Please use the neutral detergent if necessary.
- 3. If the microscope is damped by liquid when using, please power it off immediately and wipe it dry.
- 4. Never disassemble the microscope, otherwise the performance will be affected or the instrument will be damaged.
  - 5. After using, cover the microscope with a dust cover.

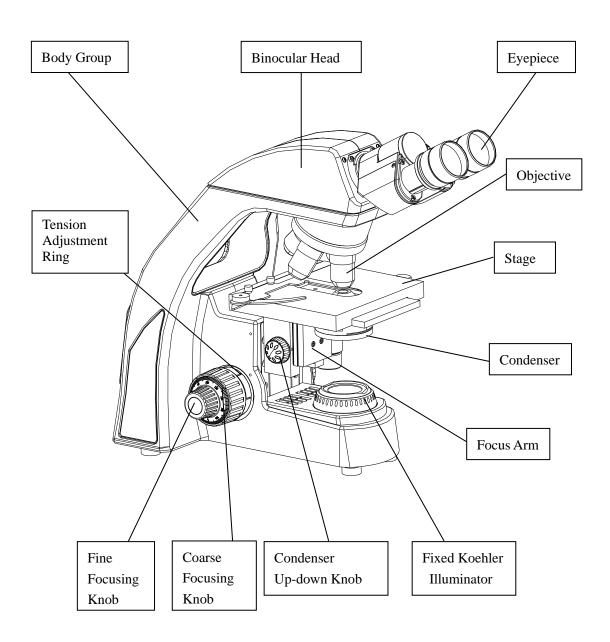
### 3. Safety Sign

Sign	Signification
<u> </u>	Study the instructions before use. Unsuitable operation would lead to person hurt or instrument faulty.
I	Main switch ON
0	Main switch OFF

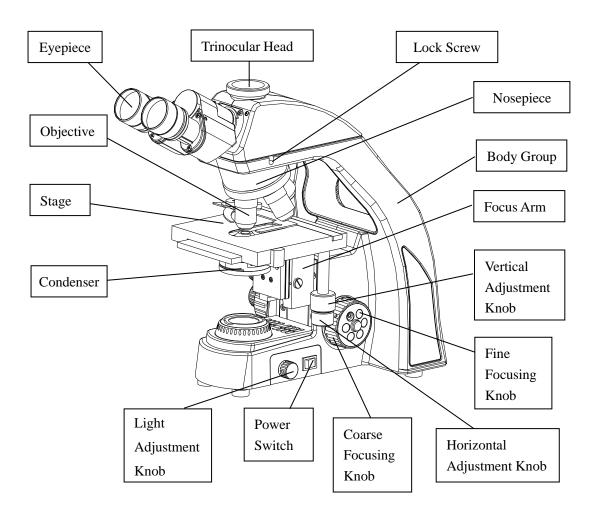


# 1. Components

BS-2043 Series









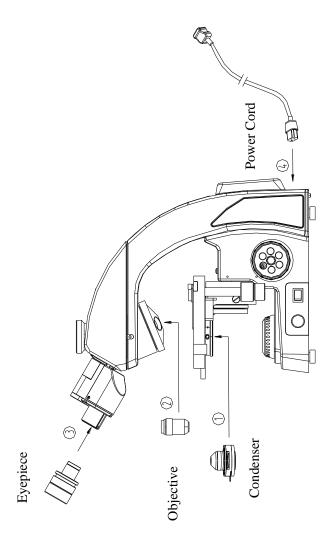
# 2. Assembling

BS-2043 Series

# 2-1 Assembling Scheme

Following is the Assembling Scheme, and the numbers denote the assembling order.

★ Before assembling, make sure there is no dust, dirt or other materials which will disturb it. Assemble carefully and do not scrap any part or touch the glass surface.



#### 2-2 Assembling Steps

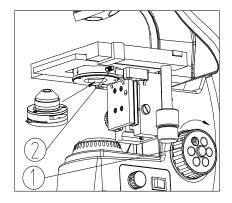


Fig.3

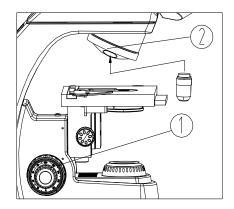


Fig.4

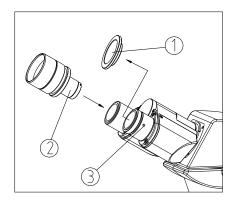


Fig.5

#### 2-2-1 Assemble the Condenser

- 1. Rotate the coarse focusing knob ① according to the direction shown in the figure, to raise the stage to the highest position (see Fig.3).
- 2. Fully loosen the condenser lock-screw(2).
- 3. Insert the condenser into the hole of base according to the arrowhead pointed, until the condenser is aligned with the base, and rotate the condenser to make the handle face forward.
- 4. Tighten the condenser lock-screw of condenser, then raise the condenser with the up-down knob to the highest position.

#### 2-2-2 Assemble the Objective

- 1. Rotate the coarse focusing knob (1) to lower the stage to a suitable position (see Fig. 4).
- 2. Then install the objectives into the nosepiece (2) from the lowest magnification to the highest in clockwisedirection.
- ★ When operating, first use the low magnification objective (4X or 10X) to search for specimen and focus, and then replace with high magnification objective to observe.
- ★ When replacing the objective, rotate the objective nosepiece until it sounds "ka-da", to make sure the objective wanted is in the center of optical path.

#### 2-2-3 Assemble the Eyepiece

- 1. Take down the cover of eyepiece tube (1).
- 2. Insert the eyepiece (2) into the eyepiece tube, until it touches the surface.
- 3. Tighten eyepiece with M2.5 inner hexagon lock-screw(3) (see Fig.5).

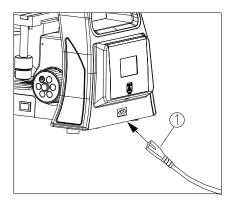


Fig.6

#### 2-2-4 Connect the Power Cord

- ★ Don't use strong force when the power cord is bended or twisted, otherwise it will be damaged.
- 1. Make sure the power switch is at "O"(OFF) before connecting the power cord.
- 2. Insert the connector ① of power cord into the power socket ②, and make sure it connects well (see Fig.6).
- 3. Insert the other connector into the socket of power supply, and make sure it connects well.
- ★ Use the special wire supplied by our company. If it's lost or damaged, choose one in the same specifications.
- ★ Wide voltage range is supported as 100~240V.
- ★ Connect the power cord appropriately to make sure the instrument is connected to ground.

# **3. Operations** BS-2043 Series

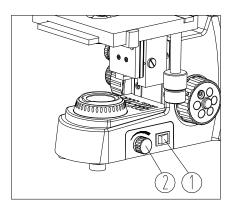


Fig.7

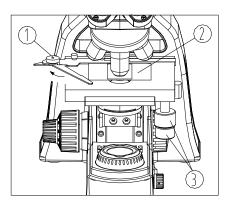


Fig.8

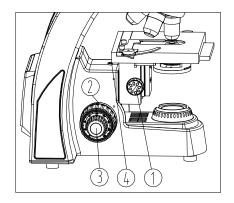


Fig. 9

#### 3-1 Set Illumination

- 1. Put through the power and turn on the main power switch to "—"(turn on) on the side.
- 2. Adjust the light adjustment knob 2 until the illumination is comfortable for observation. Rotate the light adjustment knob in clockwise to raise the voltage and brightness. Rotate the light adjustment knob in counterclockwise to lower the voltage and brightness (see Fig.7).

#### 3-2 Place the Specimen Slide

- 1. Push the wrench  $\bigcirc{1}$  of the specimen holder backwards.
- 2. Place the cover glass of slide (2) faced upwards into the clip, loosen the wrench (1) and clamp the slide (see Fig. 8).
- 3. Rotate the X and Y-axis knob 3 of the stage, and move the specimen to the center (aligned with the center of objective).

#### 3-3 Adjust the Focus

- 1.Rotate the condenser up-down knob(1) according to the direction shown in the figure, to raise it to the highest position.
- 2. Move the objective 4X into the optical path.
- 3. Observe the right eyepiece with right eye, rotate the coarse focusing knob 2 until the specimen outline appears in the view field (see Fig. 9).
- 4. Rotate the fine focusing knob 3 for clear details.
- ★ The position screw ④ can avoid the objective touching the clips.

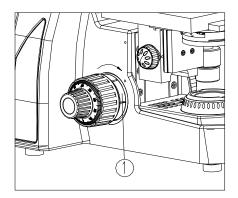


Fig.10

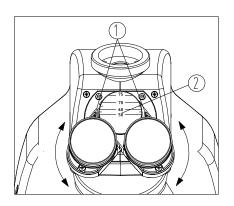


Fig.11

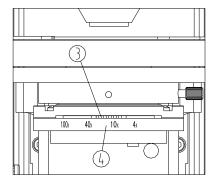


Fig.12

#### 3-4 Adjust the Focusing Tension

If the handle is very heavy when focusing or the specimen leaves the focus plane after focusing or the stage declines itself, please adjust the tension adjustment ring (1) (see Fig. 10).

To tighten the focusing arm, rotate the tension adjustment ring 1 according to the arrowhead pointed; loosen it in the reverse direction.

#### 3-5 Adjust the Interpupillary Distance

When observe with two eyes, hold the base of the prism and rotate them around the axis until there is only one field of view.

"①" on the eyepiece base points to the scale ② of interpupillary indication, means the value of interpupillary distance (see Fig. 11).

Adjustable range: 47-75mm.

★Remember your interpupillary distance for further operation.

#### 3-6 Aperture Diaphragm

- 1. The aperture diaphragm decides the numerical aperture of the illumination system. Only when the N.A. of illumination system is matching with the N.A. of the objective, it can obtain better resolution and contrast, and also increase the depth of field.
- 2. As the contrast is usually low, rotate the diaphragm adjust ring 3 to make the arrowhead pointed to the related magnification position on condenser base 4, namely, to adjust the condenser aperture diaphragm to be 70%-80% of the N.A. of objective. The eyepiece can be taken off when it's necessary to observe from the tube. Adjust the ring 3 to adjust the proportion (see Fig. 12).

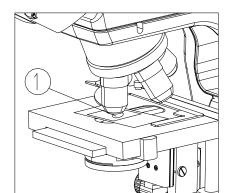


Fig.13

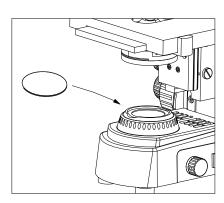


Fig.14

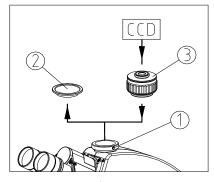


Fig.15

#### 3-7 Use the Oil Objective (100X)

- 1. Use the 4X objective to focus the specimen.
- 2. Place a drop of oil 1 on the specimen observed (see Fig. 15).
- 3. Rotate the nosepiece counterclockwise and rotate the oil objective (100X) into the light path. Then use the fine focusing knob to focus.

# ★ Make sure there is no air bubble in the oil for fear affect the image.

- A. Move the eyepiece to examine the air bubble. Open the aperture diaphragm and field diaphragm fully and observe the edge of the objective from the tube (It seems round and bright).
- B. Rotate nosepiece slightly and swing the oil objective for some times to remove the air bubble.
- 4. After using, wipe the front lens with a tissue moistened with a small amount of 3:7 mixture of alcohol and ether or with dimethylbenzene. Wipe off the oil on the specimen.
- ★ Don't put another objective to the light path before the oil is wiped to avoid wetting the dry objective.
- ★ Too much dimethylbenzene would dissolve the lens's stickiness.

#### 3-8 Use the Filter

Filter can make the background be more suitable and increase the contrast. (see Fig. 14).

Put the filter into the groove of condenser

- ★ There are four colors of filter: blue, green, yellow and white.
- ★ Place the filter's rough side downward.

#### 3-9 Assembling and using of the TV Device

- 1. Take down the dust-cover② of the TV adapter③. Install the CCD or camera into the C-mount interface and tighten.
- 2. Loosen the lock screw① of trinocular head, take out the dust-cover②. (See Fig. 17)
- 3. Insert the TV adapter 3 into the trinocular head according to the figure and screw down the lock screw 1.



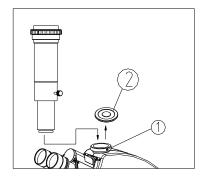


Fig.16

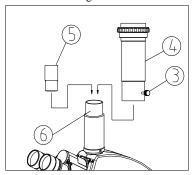


Fig.17

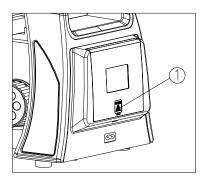


Fig.18

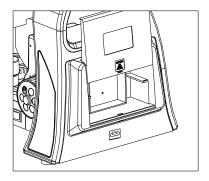


Fig.19

4. For binocular observation, after the image is clear, observe the image of CCD. If the image is unclear, rotate the TV adapter for focusing until it is clear.

#### 3-10 Assembling of the Photography Device

- 1. Loosen the lock screw① of trinocular head, take out the triplet dust-cover②.
- 2. Insert the photography device into the trinocular head as shown in the figure, and screw down the lock screw (1) (see Fig.16).
- 3. Loosen the lock-screw (3) of the photography adapter and take down the photography adapter (4) (See Fig. 17).
- 4. Insert the 3.2X photography eyepiece 5 into the eyepiece base 6, then install the photography adapter 4 and tighten the lock-screw 3.
- 5. After the image is clear through observation, then operate the photography device according to its instructions.

#### 3-11 Use the Storage Box

When the microscope is not in use, the power cord can be placed in the storage box. Press the position ① of the storage box cover with thumb. When you hear a click, push up and put the power cord and wrench into the storage box, and then close the back cover. (See Fig.18, 19)



# 4. Troubleshooting

BS-2043 Series

As the performance of microscope can't play fully due to unfamiliar operations, the table below can provide some solutions.

Problem	Cause	Solution
1. Optical Part		
(1) The LED light is bright, but it's dark in the field of view.	Field diaphragm is not large enough.	Enlarge the field diaphragm.
	Condenser is too low.	Adjust the position of condenser.
(2) The edge of the field of view is dark or not even.	The nosepiece is not in the right position.	Turn the nosepiece into the right position.
	Stain or dust has accumulated on the lens such as condenser, objective, or eyepiece.	Clean the lens.
(3) Stain or dust is observed in	Stains have accumulated on the specimen.	Clean the specimen.
the field of view.	Stains have accumulated on the lens.	Clean the lens.
(4) Unclear image	There's no cover glass on the specimen.	Add the cover glass.
	The cover glass is not standard.	Use a standard cover glass with thickness δ0.17mm.
	The cover glass faces down.	Adjust it.
	The immersion oil has accumulated on the dry objective.	Clean it thoroughly.
	The immersion oil is not used for oil objective.	Use immersion oil.
	Air bubble is in the immersion.	Get rid of the air bubble.
	Use wrong immersion oil.	Use a correct one (cedar oil).
	The aperture diaphragm is not opened correctly.	Adjust the aperture diaphragm.
	Stain or dust has accumulated on the inlet lens of eyepiece.	Clean the lens.
	The condenser is too low.	Adjust the condenser.
(5) One side of the field of view is dark or the image moves while focusing.	The specimen is not fixed.	Fix the specimen.
	The nosepiece is not in the right position.	Turn the nosepiece into the right position.
	Condenser centered incorrectly.	Center the condenser.



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BS-2043 Seri			
Problem	Cause	Solution	
(6) The eyes feel tired easily.	Interpupillary distance is wrong.	Adjust the interpupillary distance.	
The right field of view doesn't superpose with the left.	Eyepieces for the left eye and right eye are different.	Use the same eyepiece.	
2. Mechanical Part			
(1) Cannot get the objective focused in high magnification.	The cover glass faces down.	Put the cover glass to face up.	
	The cover glass is too thick.	Use a standard cover glass with thickness $\delta 0.17$ mm.	
(2) The objective touches the cover glass while turning the nosepiece from low to high magnification.	The cover glass faces down.	Put the cover glass to face up.	
	The cover glass is not standard.	Use a standard cover glass with thickness $\delta 0.17 \text{mm}$ .	
(3) Coarse focusing knob is too tight.	Tension knob is too tight.	Loosen it a little.	
(4) Stage declines itself, cannot stay on the focal plane when observing.	Tension knob is too loose.	Tighten it a little.	
(5) Coarse focusing knob can't rise.	The limit stop knob is locked.	Loosen the knob.	
(6) Coarse focusing knob can't decline.	The base of the condenser is too low.	Raise the base.	
(7) Cannot move the slide smoothly.	The slide is not fixed correctly.	Adjust it correctly.	
	The movable specimen holder is not fixed properly.	Adjust it correctly.	
(8) The image moves obviously when touching the stage.	The stage is fastened incorrectly.	Fasten the stage correctly.	
3. Electrical Part			
(1) The LED light does not work.	No power supply.	Check the connection of the power cable.	
	The LED bulb is not installed correctly.	Install it correctly.	
	The LED bulb is burnt out.	Replace it.	
(2) The bulb burnt out very often.	A wrong bulb is used.	Replace it with a correct one.	
(3) The illumination is not bright enough.	A wrong bulb is used.	Replace it with a correct one.	
	The use of light adjustment knob is wrong.	Adjust correctly.	